

Checklist for Coaches Whose Athletes Has Sustained a Sport-Related Concussion Author: Dr. Jennifer Hunnicutt, PhD, ATC

To help coaches prepare and know what to do when a concussion occurs, we at HEADCHECK Health have created a checklist. This checklist aligns with the <u>CDC guidelines</u> and <u>Canada's Parachute guidelines</u> to ensure that coaches are taking the appropriate steps to mitigate risk and aid in the safe return-to-play of their athletes.

STEP 1: IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE ATHLETE FROM PLAY	STEP 3: REFER THE ATHLETE TO A QUALIFIED HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
 The following are signs that coaches can look for on and off the field when they suspect an athlete may have sustained a head injury: On the Field Confusion Clumsy movement Lethargy Forgetfulness of the game, play, position, etc. Off the Field 	If an athletic trainer is available onsite, have them evaluate the athlete as soon as possible. If an athletic trainer is not available, call the athlete's parent/guardian and recommend that their child be seen by a healthcare professional that specializes in concussion management (i.e., sports medicine physician) • Check out our Checklist for Parents on the HEADCHECK Health blog
 Mood or behavior changes Loss of memory 	STEP 4: PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION TO THE PARENT/ GUARDIAN:
Athletes may report one or more of the following symptoms: Headache Nausea Dizziness Sensitivity to light or noise Feeling off, foggy, or "not right"	 Document the following: How the injury happened Symptoms that the athlete is/was experiencing Any loss of consciousness or memory problems Physical signs, such as abnormal behavior, balance, or coordination issues
The CDC recommends: "When in doubt, sit them out." In other words, if you suspect	STEP 5: RECORD DETAILS OF THE INCIDENT
your athlete has suffered a concussion, err on the side of caution and remove them from play.	What happened and what was done related to this head injury?
Do not return the athlete to play until they have been provided clearance by a qualified healthcare professional who is specialized in	STEP 6: SEEK EMERGENT CARE FROM FIRST RESPONDERS, WHEN APPLICABLE
concussion management	The following signs and symptoms may indicate bleeding on the brain or more serious injury. Seek emergent care if one or more of the following are
STEP 2: KEEP THE ATHLETE OUT OF PLAY	present: Slurred speech, weakness, numbness, or decreased coordination Excessive vomiting or nausea Drowsiness or inability to wake up Convulsions or seizures Unusual and growing behavior, confusion, restlessness, or agitation Loss of consciousness (knocked out) Neck pain
Do not try to evaluate the concussion yourself. Each athlete will present differently and should only be evaluated by a qualified healthcare professional.	

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	STEP 7: SUPPORT THE ATHLETE DURING THEIR RECOVERY	STEP 9: FOLLOW GUIDANCE FROM THE ATHLETIC TRAINER OR HEALTHCARE PROVIDER TO HAVE THE ATHLETE PARTICIPATE IN A GRADUAL RETURN-TO-PLAY PROTOCOL
	Concussion recovery takes time and patience. Remember that returning athletes to sport too soon can severely delay their recovery and increase the chances of sustaining another concussion. Support the athlete by following	
		Most return-to-play protocols involve a 6- or 7-step progression, with each step lasting a minimum of 24 hours. Your child must pass each step of the progression symptom-free to proceed to the next step.
	guidance from their athletic trainer, healthcare providers, and	These progressions include:
	parents/guardians. An athlete diagnosed with a concussion will go	 Returning to school and sedentary activities Gradual return to physical activity (light to moderate to intense physical activity)
	through a period of being unable to participate in sport and physical activity. This can make	 Gradual return to sport (practice and contact training, then full competition)
	the athlete feel frustrated and lonely. So offer opportunities to the athlete to continue to sitin on practices and cheer on their teammates at games.	If at any point during their recovery the athlete demonstrates signs/symptoms of concussion, remember to "when in doubt, sit them out." And refer appropriately.
	STEP 8: DO NOT ALLOW THE ATHLETE TO RETURN-TO-PLAY UNTIL RE-EVALUATED BY A QUALIFIED HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL WHO CAN MAKE RETURN-TO-PLAY DECISIONS AND PROVIDE WRITTEN MEDICAL CLEARANCE	STEP 10: DECREASE THE RISK OF YOUR ATHLETE SUSTAINING ANOTHER CONCUSSION
		After one concussion, the risk of sustaining another concussion increases.
		Make sure your child's helmet and equipment fit properly. Do not "size-up."
	Do not make return-to-play decisions on your own.	Teach your athletes proper form and safety at practices and games to minimize risk of head injury. (For example, "heads up" positioning during football tackles.)
	Note that in the US, the healthcare professional who can provide medical clearance can vary from state to state. Be sure to check your local state guidelines for who can and cannot provide medical clearance.	Ensure playing conditions are safe (proper mats for stunts, the padding on goalposts, etc.)
		Talk with your athletes. about concussions. Athletes look to their coaches as role models. Create an environment where athletes can talk to you about head injuries or concussion symptoms. That way you can get them the proper care they need and reduce risk of more serious injury.